



WASHINGTON STATE QUESTIONNAIRE

Planned Parenthood Votes Northwest & Hawaii ("PPVNH") is a non-partisan 501(c)(4) organization formed as the advocacy, voter education, and political arm of the four Planned Parenthood affiliates operating in Washington, Alaska, Hawaii and Idaho.

Planned Parenthood Votes Northwest & Hawaii ("PPVNH") conducts voter education, advocates for legislative and regulatory action, and operates independent expenditure campaigns. PPVNH also operates Planned Parenthood Votes Washington PAC, a state political action committee. PPVNH WA PAC makes direct cash and in-kind contributions to candidates and conducts independent expenditure campaigns.

PPVNH and the PPVNH WA PAC are non-partisan organizations committed to protecting and promoting reproductive health, rights, and justice. We support candidates who seek to guarantee full and nondiscriminatory access to reproductive health care including the right to abortion services, and who will foster and preserve a social and political climate favorable to reproductive choice. Please review the attached letter for information about the PPVNH endorsement process.

INSTRUCTIONS

We encourage you to submit questionnaires early to allow us to better consider your candidacy. Questionnaires must be received by PPVNH no later than **June 1st, 2016** by mail or email.

Please mail your responses to:

Treasure Mackley, Political & Organizing Director
Planned Parenthood Votes Northwest & Hawaii
2001 East Madison Street
Seattle WA 98122
Phone: 206-861-7502
Cell: 206-612-1011

Please email your completed questionnaire to: ppvnwendorsements@gmail.com

Be certain to respond to EVERY question. Incomplete responses will be interpreted as "refused to respond" and will negatively affect your score. Your score determines whether or not PPVNH will endorse or recommend you.

Circle "YES" or "NO" for every question. You are welcome to attach a narrative statement to share your thoughts or expand your responses.

If you have questions, or need to make alternate arrangements for delivery of your completed questionnaire, please contact Treasure Mackley, Political & Organizing Director via email at: treasure.mackley@ppvnh.org
Or call 206-861-7502 office or 206-612-1011 cell.

CAMPAIGN INFORMATION

Candidate Name	
Position sought	
Party Preference if applicable	
Residence: Congressional, Legislative, City and County Council District if applicable	
Are you a Challenger, Incumbent, or running for an Open Seat?	
Campaign Information	
Campaign Name	
Web page	
Campaign Email address	
Campaign Manager	
Campaign mailing address	
Campaign phone number	
Campaign FAX	
Campaign Budget	
Contributions Raised to Date	

CANDIDATE INFORMATION

Will family planning, public funding for sexual and reproductive health care, clinic access, health reform implementation, abortion rights, access to emergency contraception, or sex education be significant issues in your race?

What other elected / appointed offices have you sought or held? Include year and jurisdiction.

Describe your qualifications, education, employment, community and civic activity, and other relevant experience.

Describe, in general terms, your campaign plan and voter contact strategy.

What ratings and endorsements have you received to date?

Which groups do you plan to ask for an endorsement?

Please submit printed campaign material which summarizes your community and volunteer activities and your personal background. Attached

Do you wish to receive a Planned Parenthood Votes Northwest & Hawaii endorsement? Y N

Do you wish to receive a contribution from PP Votes WA PAC? (If available) Y N

Do you belong, or have you ever belonged to a group opposed to abortion? Y N

Have you sought, or received, the endorsement of a group opposed to abortion? Y N

Have you ever personally supported a Planned Parenthood organization? If so, which one?

Candidate Signature

Date

PREFACE

Planned Parenthood believes in access to family planning, full reproductive & sexual healthcare and abortion. We believe that every woman -- regardless of income, race, age or marital status -- has the fundamental right to decide whether and when to have a child. It is the government's role to support personal childbearing decisions with complete and reliable reproductive health information including sexual health education, access to comprehensive reproductive health care, and safe, legal abortion.

Circle "YES" or "NO" in response to the questions below. If you wish to expand your response, you may provide a narrative attachment.

QUESTIONS

FUNDING FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SERVICES:

Reproductive health care is basic health care, and an integral part of the health care safety net for men and women. For many individuals, family planning health centers are their only source of health care. These centers provide a wide array of care including cancer screenings, contraception, sexually transmitted infection testing, pregnancy testing, health education, health referrals, Medicaid or insurance enrollment assistance, and more.

It is critical that barrier-free access to reproductive health care is maintained in Washington, including making sure providers are included in all Medicaid and other insurance plans, and maintaining state funding to fill the gaps that remain even after ACA implementation. While we work to connect all of our patients with insurance or Medicaid, for those who have missed open enrollment or have other barriers to coverage, it is important that they be able to access family planning while they await the next open enrollment period.

This access is essential for strong families, public health, and better birth outcomes, and also for Washington's budget. In Washington, 49% of pregnancies are unintended, 47% of all births are paid for by Medicaid, and women on Medicaid experience a higher rate of unintended pregnancy. It costs approximately \$552 a year to cover a full range of family planning services for each Washingtonian in need, compared to nearly \$10,000 in state funds for each Medicaid paid birth, and every tax dollar spent on family planning in Washington saves more than \$7 in pregnancy care and related costs. Washington State spent approximately \$261 million on unintended pregnancy care costs in 2014. Furthermore, funding has been slashed for testing and treatment of sexually transmitted infections (STIs), many local public health departments have cut back or closed family planning and/or STI services, and community providers like Planned Parenthood have struggled to fill the gap while watching rates for Washington's most common STIs more than double since 1996.

State funding for family planning reduces pregnancy care costs and improves adverse health outcomes like low birth weight and pregnancy programs. This funding comes through the Medicaid Apple Health expansion, the Medicaid Take Charge family planning waiver program, the Department of Health family planning and Federal Title X program, and Department of Health HIV/AIDS and STI programs. All of these programs save money, and several also receive federal match dollars, including the Title X program and a \$9 to \$1 federal-state match in the Medicaid Take Charge program.

Will you vote to ensure the inclusion of reproductive health care in all basic health care programs, and to preserve or when appropriate, expand state funding for these critical reproductive health services that save money and improve the health of our families and our state?

YES

NO

Will you oppose any effort that targets Planned Parenthood health centers for federal or state health care funding cuts?

YES

NO

COMPREHENSIVE SEXUAL HEALTH EDUCATION:

The vast majority of parents in our state (76%) believe that teens should be provided with sexual health education that includes information about birth control (abstinence as well as contraceptives) and protection against sexually transmitted infections (STIs). Complete, comprehensive and accurate sexual health education is crucial to reducing Washington's high rate of unintended pregnancy and STIs. In 2007 the Washington State legislature passed the Healthy Youth Act. The Act requires that when teens get sex education in public schools, the information is medically accurate, age appropriate, and includes information about both abstinence and other methods of preventing pregnancy and STIs, such as contraceptives.

Washington is committed to reducing unintended pregnancy and promoting good reproductive health for our youth. Our state needs to ensure that funding applications serve these goals by supporting programs that are proven to work. Abstinence-only-until-marriage programs, as the federal government defines them today, are proven ineffective by the government's own studies. In 2009, the Washington State Legislature passed SB 5629, which ensures that Washington State applies for funding for sexual health education programs that are consistent with the Healthy Youth Act, and are proven effective.

Do you support comprehensive, medically accurate sexual health education programs and oppose disproven and ineffective abstinence-only programs?

YES

NO

Will you advocate and vote for adoption of comprehensive sexual health education policies and funding for programs proven to be effective?

YES

NO

CONFIDENTIAL HEALTH SERVICES FOR MINORS:

Planned Parenthood believes that minors as well as adults should have confidential access to health services, including family planning, disease prevention, and abortion. In 1975, the Washington State Supreme Court struck down a state law requiring parental consent for abortion by ruling it unconstitutional. Some groups continue to promote "parental notification" legislation as a "compromise." Parental consent and notification requirements put the health and safety of teenagers at risk by discouraging them from seeking preventive reproductive health care, and undermine Washington's efforts to reduce teen pregnancy. Currently, Washington state law says that minors may consent to care for abortion/contraception, as well as sexually transmitted disease/HIV testing, alcohol and drug treatment as well as mental health treatment. The American Medical Association, American Academy of Pediatrics, Society for Adolescent Medicine, and the American Public Health Association oppose *government-mandated* parental involvement in a minor's reproductive health care.

Planned Parenthood encourages minors to involve their parents in their reproductive health care, and especially in the case of an unintended pregnancy, the vast majority of minors do involve their parents. However, not all youth can involve their families due to abuse, violence, drug abuse or other dangerous

factors in the home. Safety is most important for these most vulnerable youth, and legislation mandating family involvement can put them at risk.

Are you opposed to *government-mandated* parental involvement in a minor's reproductive health care?

YES

NO

REFUSAL CLAUSES:

Some health care providers, facilities, employers and insurers are demanding the legal right to refuse to provide or pay for any reproductive health service or counseling they find objectionable. They are asking for special laws that allow them to put their personal beliefs above the medical needs and health care decisions of patients. An individual's right to reproductive health care should be protected and should not be determined by the views of anti-contraception and anti-choice individuals or institutions.

Will you support an individual's reproductive rights by voting against restrictions that would allow institutions or individuals the right to refuse to provide legal medical services or insurance coverage based on their personal or religious beliefs?

YES

NO

VIOLENCE AGAINST REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH PROVIDERS:

In recent years, a campaign of violence, intimidation, harassment and vitriolic rhetoric has been waged against patients seeking reproductive health care, as well as clinics and clinic staff. This campaign of violence has had devastating effects on access to reproductive health services, and yielded tragic results, including the recent murders at the Planned Parenthood in Colorado Springs, the bombing of the Planned Parenthood Health Center in Pullman, Washington and the 2009 shooting death of Dr. George Tiller in Kansas. Planned Parenthood believes the government, including local government, should take an aggressive role in enacting and enforcing laws that protect patients and providers, and in prosecuting the perpetrators of illegal acts.

Will you advocate and vote for the enactment and enforcement of laws that help prevent violence, intimidation and harassment directed at reproductive health patients and providers?

YES

NO

MEDICAL RECORDS AND THE RIGHT TO PRIVACY:

In accordance with the Federal Privacy Law (HIPAA), family planning and abortion clinics keep medical information and records confidential and only use them for patient treatment, health care operations, and billing purposes. In recent cases around the United States, anti-choice Attorneys General and prosecutors have subpoenaed clinic medical records in vaguely-worded and wide-reaching searches for evidence of alleged late-term abortions, Medicaid fraud, and child rape. These "fishing expeditions" result in privacy violations of patients who are guilty of nothing. Planned Parenthood believes that threats of such intrusive searches could intimidate patients from seeking reproductive health services, including a legal and private abortion procedure, birth control, or STI screening.

Do you support the position that government must show a compelling public interest or emergency circumstance before requiring clinics, hospitals, or doctors to release records and will you vote to protect the confidentiality of medical records?

YES

NO

ABORTION ACCESS

Planned Parenthood believes that women have the right to obtain a medically safe, legal abortion under the standards set forth by the U.S. Supreme Court in the *Roe v. Wade* decision. Washington State has a long history of support for abortion access, voting to codify abortion rights in 1970, three years before the *Roe v. Wade* decision, and passing several initiatives on the subject of abortion rights over the years. Most recently, the voters of Washington voted to ensure abortion access for low-income women with Initiative 120 in 1991.

Do you support a woman's right to choose safe and legal abortion?

YES

NO

Will you oppose any legislation that limits the right of a woman to make the best decision for her health, including: attempts to legislate a woman's intentions for deciding to end a pregnancy, criminalize health care providers, medically unnecessary restrictions for doctors and facilities, or otherwise interfere with the doctor-patient relationship?

Yes

NO

Will you oppose efforts designed to restrict access to safe and legal abortion by opposing medically unnecessary requirements on abortion providers?

Yes

NO

Today, federal threats to abortion access in Washington loom in some anti-choice provisions of the federal Affordable Care Act, and Planned Parenthood is seeking to maintain current access levels and ensure parity by requiring all health insurance plans that are regulated by the state of Washington and that cover maternity care to also cover abortion.

Do you support this position, and would you vote to ensure abortion access?

YES

NO

Planned Parenthood believes that in all cases women and their doctors should be free to make the health care decisions that are best for the woman. Anti-choice organizations have tried to erode the Supreme Court's *Roe v. Wade* decision (which ensures a woman's constitutionally-protected right to choose abortion) by advancing vaguely-worded and deceptive bans on abortion procedures. In 1998, Washington State voters rejected the so-called "partial birth abortion ban" measure by a 57% margin. Since 2010, 31 states have enacted a total of 288 abortion restrictions of some kind – 57 of those in 2015 alone. We have seen more restrictions on abortion

passed in state legislatures across the country since the 2010 midterm elections than the previous 15 years, including 23 bans on abortion methods used after the first trimester and 42 restrictions on medication abortion.

Do you support a woman's right to choose the abortion method that she and her physician deem safest for her individual health and needs?

YES

NO

MEDICAL ACCURACY OF INFORMATION:

Planned Parenthood believes that anyone receiving a pregnancy test, ultrasound, or a test for sexually transmitted infections or diseases should receive information that is medically and scientifically accurate. In addition, Planned Parenthood believes that any facility offering such testing should follow medical privacy laws, and provide disclosure of what services they do/do not provide in order to provide a basic standard of care for patients.

Do you support legislation or regulation ensuring that individuals receiving a pregnancy test, ultrasound, or a test for sexually transmitted infections will receive information that is medically and scientifically accurate, and that facilities providing such testing should follow medical privacy laws, and provide disclosure of what services they do/do not provide?

YES

NO

FETAL "PERSONHOOD":

Legislation and regulations have been introduced that would elevate the status of the fetus at any stage of development, to that of an adult. This is an effort to establish fetal "personhood" to create a conflict with a woman's right to choose abortion. Furthermore, legislation has periodically been introduced without the intention of restricting abortion rights, but may have that effect, as legislation that seeks to create birth certificates for stillbirths rather than existing certificates of stillbirth. Planned Parenthood advocates for expanded support services for families experiencing the loss of a wanted pregnancy, but must oppose any legislation that intentionally or unintentionally creates separate legal rights for fetuses.

Would you support a woman's right to choose abortion by voting against legislation that creates separate legal rights for fetuses, distinct from those of the pregnant woman?

YES

NO

PUBLIC FUNDING FOR ABORTION:

Congress has used its funding powers to single out certain classes of women (low-income women, federal employees, women receiving care through the Indian Health Service, military personnel serving overseas, residents of the District of Columbia, and women in federal prisons) and restrict their access to legal abortion because their health care is funded in part by the federal government. Here in Washington, voters passed Initiative 120 in 1991, the Reproductive Privacy Act, which ensures fairness in access to choice for women of all income levels.

Initiative 120 became RCW 9.02 upon its passage, and it states in part that if the state provides, directly or by contract, maternity care benefits, services, or information to women through any program administered or

funded in whole or in part by the state, the state shall also provide women otherwise eligible for any such program with substantially equivalent benefits, services, or information to permit them to voluntarily terminate their pregnancies.

Will you vote against restrictions on public funding for abortion and vote to uphold the principles outlined in RCW 9.02.160?

YES **NO**

LGBT Rights and Anti-Discrimination Protections

Planned Parenthood Votes Northwest & Hawaii has an existing policy in support of Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual and Transgender (LGBT) rights, from the right to be free of discrimination to the right to marry. Specifically, we have articulated that policy in support of sexually healthy communities, individual privacy, and personal freedom. We oppose discrimination based on actual or perceived sexual orientation or gender, and support all efforts to enact protections against such discrimination. Across the country and even here in Washington State, we've seen legislation and other measures introduced that seek to limit transgender individuals' access to facilities and allow discrimination based on gender identity.

Do you oppose discrimination and bullying based on actual or perceived sexual orientation or gender identity?

YES **NO**

Will you oppose any legislation that takes away the ability of transgender people to use single-sex facilities according to their gender identity?

YES **NO**

Religiously Affiliated Health Systems

Across the state, patients at publicly funded hospitals and health centers are encountering restricted health care – and even restricted information about health care options – based on institutional religious doctrine. Reproductive health care services – including birth control, sterilization, abortion, emergency contraception, and infertility services – are the type of care most frequently banned at religiously-affiliated hospitals and health centers. Not only are services denied, but often referrals to providers who will help, and even fully accurate medical information are denied as well.

Religious restrictions undermine patients' rights to complete medical information and informed consent, and interfere with their ability to obtain a full range of health services. Health care refusals hurt all patients, but they fall most heavily on women, the LGBT community, and the poor. Patients may have no other accessible choice for hospital care, and they frequently only learn about the restrictions in a religious hospital once they are in an emergency, or later when they find out about information they were not provided.

Community hospitals are merging and/or affiliating with religious hospital systems at an alarming rate, making them subject to religious restrictions – along with all of their associated health clinics. When non-religious community hospitals merge or affiliate with religiously-sponsored hospitals that use doctrine to restrict care, patients can suddenly discover they have lost access to vital reproductive health care services. In Washington, just over 40% of all acute care hospital beds are owned or controlled by Catholic health systems, and proposed mergers could push that rate closer to 50%.

Health care policies in publicly funded hospitals and health centers should be based on medical ethics and state law, not religious doctrine. In Washington, we must make sure that all women and families, regardless of income or geographic location, have access and information to all of their health care options.

Do you support policies to assure that mergers and affiliations of publicly funded hospitals and health centers do not result in reduced access to reproductive health care?

YES

NO

Candidate Signature

Date